

Multi-Channel Controller

Instruction Manual

Part Number: 99196



Read the user's manual carefully before starting to use the unit or software. Producer reserves the right to implement changes without prior notice.

CONTENTS

I. USER MANUAL FOR "SWP-99" DIGITAL INDICATOR	<u>4</u>
1. BASIC REQUIREMENTS AND USER SAFETY	
2. GENERAL CHARACTERISTICS	
3. TECHNICAL DATA	
4. DEVICE INSTALLATION	
4.1. CONNECTION METHOD	<u>3</u> 11
4.2. MODBUS	
4.3. MAINTENANCE	
5. FRONT PANEL DESCRIPTION	15
6. PRINCIPLE OF OPERATION	
6.1. MEASUREMENT MODE	
6.2. MODES OF RESULT PRESENTATION	
6.2.1. "Single channel" mode	18
6.2.2."Graph" mode	
6.2.3. "Channels List" mode	22
6.3. PRINCIPLE OF OUTPUTS OPERATION	<u>23</u>
6.3.1.Alarms	23
6.3.2. Outputs control	<u>25</u>
6.3.3.Example of output control	<u>27</u>
7. DEVICE PROGRAMMING	<u>29</u>
7.1. PARAMETERS EDITION	<u>31</u>
7.1.1. Numeric and switching parameters ("LIST" - type)	<u>31</u>
7.1.2. Text parameters	<u>32</u>
7.1.3. "SLIDER" - type parameters	33
7.2. DESCRIPTION OF RESULTS PRESENTATION MODES MENU	<u>34</u>
7.2.1."Graph options" menu	<u>34</u>
7.2.2."Channels list options" menu	34
7.3. RESULTS PRESENTATION MODES MENU STRUCTURE	<u>35</u>
7.4. MAIN MENU DESCRIPTION	<u>36</u>
7.4.1."Device information" menu	<u>36</u>
7.4.2."Display options" menu	
7.4.3."Input settings" menu	<u>36</u>
7.4.4."Outputs settings" menu	
7.4.5. "Date & time settings" menu	<u>40</u>
7.4.6."RS485 port settings" menu	<u>41</u>
7.4.7. "Access setup" menu	<u>42</u>
7.4.8."Language" parameter	
7.5. MAIN MENU STRUCTURE	<u>43</u>
8.1. LIST OF REGISTERS	<u>45</u>
8.2. TRANSMISSION ERRORS HANDLING	<u>45</u>
8.3. EXAMPLES OF QUERY/ANSWER FRAMES	
9. USER'S SETTINGS LIST	
	<u>53</u>
10 DESET EACTORY DEFAULTS	

Explanation of symbols used in the manual:



- This symbol denotes especially important guidelines concerning the installation and operation of the device. Not complying with the guidelines denoted by this symbol may cause an accident, damage, or equipment destruction.

IF THE DEVICE IS NOT USED ACCORDING TO THE MANUAL THE USER IS RESPONSIBLE FOR POSSIBLE DAMAGES.



- This symbol denotes especially important characteristics of the unit. Read any information regarding this symbol carefully

I. USER MANUAL FOR " SWP-99 " DIGITAL INDICATOR

1. BASIC REQUIREMENTS AND USER SAFETY



The manufacturer is not responsible for any damage caused by inappropriate installation, not maintaining the proper technical condition and using the unit against its destination.

- Qualified personnel should conduct installation. During installation, all available safety requirements should be considered. The end user is responsible for executing the installation according to this manual, local safety, and EMC regulations.
- The unit must be properly set-up, according to the application. Incorrect configuration can cause defective operation, which can lead to unit damage or an accident.
- If in the case of a defect of unit operation there is a risk of a serious threat to the safety of people or property additional, independent systems and solutions to prevent such a threat must be used.
- The unit uses dangerous voltage that can cause a lethal accident. The unit must be switched off and disconnected from the power supply prior to starting installation of troubleshooting (in the case of malfunction).
- Neighboring and mating equipment must meet the requirements of appropriate standards and regulations concerning safety and be equipped with adequate antiovervoltage and anti-interference filters.
- Do not attempt to disassemble, repair, or modify the unit yourself. The unit has no user serviceable parts. Units, in which a defect was stated must be disconnected and submitted for repairs at an authorized service center.



- In order to minimize fire or electric shock hazard, the unit must be protected against atmospheric precipitation and excessive humidity.
- Do not use the unit in areas threatened with excessive shock, vibration, dust, humidity, corrosive gasses, and oils.
- Do not use the unit in explosion hazard areas.
- Do not use the unit in areas with significant temperature variations, exposed to condensation or icing.
- Do not use the unit in areas exposed to direct sunlight.
- Make sure that the ambient temperature (e.g., inside the control box) does not exceed the recommended values. In such cases forced cooling of the unit must be considered (e.g., by using a ventilator).



The unit is designed for operation in an industrial environment and must not be used in a household environment or similar.

2. GENERAL CHARACTERISTICS

Multifunctional

SWP-99 designed for displaying current values and presentation of technological parameter trends in graphic form. All measured parameters must be available in 4- 20 mA and can be displayed as %, PPM, etc.

Configurable measurement and control input

The unit has up to 8 channels of 4-20 mA current signals. Each signal can be freely configured and described. The internal analogue-digital converter has a 12 bit resolution, which provides high measurement resolution results. Additionally, individual alphanumeric description (text) of each of the input channels is possible.

Fast serial interface

The digital indicator is fitted with a galvanic insulated RS 485 interface, programmed with ModBus RTU transmission protocol. This enables the connection of a number of digital indicators into the network, remote collecting of data from each unit and also remote configuration. The application of the RS 485 interface instead of RS 232 is due to the possibility of achieving high transmission speeds using transmission lines of larger length than is possible with the RS 232 interface.

Built in 24 volt DC power supply provides all required voltage

The built in 24 volt DC power supply provides enough power for the digital indicator and up to 8 PureAire O2 monitors. The supply has an input AC voltage range of 100 to 240 volts and the DC power is factory wired for easy 3 wire connections to the monitors.

Legible graphic display

The 128 x 64 points display with a backlight mounted on front of the unit is a big advantage of the digital indicator. It allows the display of trend graphs for each channel separately. Different operation modes provide the possibility of selecting and adjusting the method of data presentation depending on the user's requirements. Additionally, it is possible to set the display to show one current value measured for a selected channel.

Easy configuration

There are 6 keys on the front of the digital indicator that enable the configuration of the unit. The menu assisted with full text descriptions makes the unit configuration process quite easy. However, due to a substantial number of configured parameters it is advised to use the attached configuration software for PCs.

3. TECHNICAL DATA

Power supply input voltage 100 to 240 V AC; 50/60 Hz, 1.4 A

Power supply output voltage 24 V DC, 4.5 A

Measurement inputs up to 8 inputs 4-20 mA, common ground

Relay outputs 2 electronic relays, NO type, 24V AC / 35V DC /

max. 200 mA, overload protection

Accepted prolonged input overload 20% Measurement input resistance 100 Ω

Communication interface RS 485, 8N1 / Modbus RTU, not separated

Baud rate 1200 bit/s to 115200 bit/s

Display LCD graphic display, 128 x 64 points, with backlight

Protection level IP 66
Housing type NEMA 4X
Housing material Polycarbonate

Housing dimensions 8.68" x 10.03" x 6.16"

Operating temperature 0°C to +50°C Storage temperature -10°C to +70°C

Humidity 5 to 90% no condensation

Altitude up to 2000 meters above sea level Safety requirements according to: PN-EN 61010-1

installation category: II pollution degree: 2

voltage in relation to ground: 300V AC

insulation resistance: >20M Ω

insulation strength between power supply and input/output terminal: 1min. @ 2300V (see Fig. 3.1)

EMC PN-EN 61326

Software (Windows environment)

S-Toolkit, PC software for data logger easy configuring



This is a class A unit. In housing or a similar area, it can cause radio frequency interference. In such cases the user can be requested to use appropriate preventive measures.



Carefully check that the insulation used with the unit (Fig. 3.1) meets the expectations and if necessary use appropriate measures of overvoltage protection. Additionally, assure the maintenance of appropriate installation air and surface insulation gaps (Tab.3.1).

Range of operating voltage	Air gap [mm]	Surface gap [mm]
Up to 50V RMS or DC	0,2	1,2
Up to 100V RMS or DC	0,2	1,4
Up to 150V RMS or DC	0,5	1,6
Up to 300V RMS or DC	1,5	3,0

Tab. 3.1. Minimal insulation gaps according to EN 61010-1

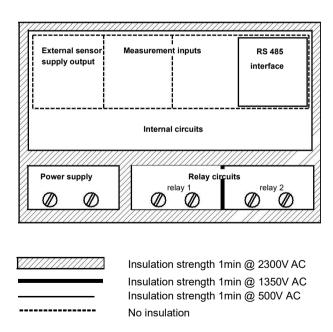


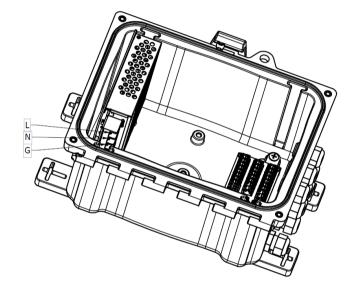
Fig. 3.1. Schematic diagram showing the insulation between individual circuits of the unit.

Terminal Specifications

Connection Method	Push-in spring connection
Conductor Cross Section - Rigid	0.2 mm ² 1.5 mm ² (When connecting and possibly adjusting a solid conductor of 1.5 mm ² , the mechanical lateral forces, which can affect the terminal block, have to be absorbed by lateral support.) 0.34 mm ² 1.5 mm ² (Push-in connection)
Conductor Cross Section - Flexible	0.2 mm ² 1.5 mm ²
Conductor Cross Section – AWG	2416
Conductor Cross Section – Flexible, with ferrule without plastic sleeve	0.25 mm ² 0.75 mm ² (Conductor connection with open terminal point) 0.5 mm ² 0.75 mm ² (Push-in connection)
Conductor Cross Section – Flexible, with ferrule with plastic sleeve	0.25 mm ² 0.75 mm ² (Conductor connection with open terminal point) 0.5 mm ² 0.75 mm ² (Push-in connection)
Stripping Length	8 mm

4. DEVICE INSTALLATION

The PureAire Multi Channel Controller comes pre-wired for easy installation. All DC power wiring is factory installed and the only required user installed connections are AC power to the main power supply and 3 wire connections to the monitors.



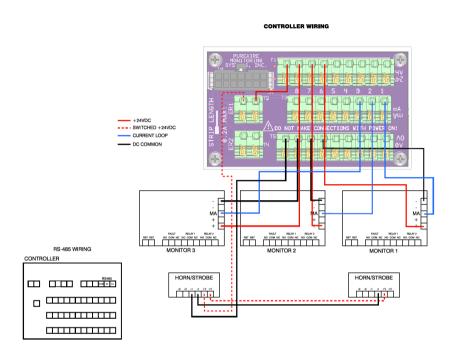
100 to 240 VAC

AC wiring diagram of 24 VDC power supply.

Monitors are connected to the controller by wiring one of the monitor's – terminals to any one of the controller's 0V terminals, one of the monitor's + terminals to any one of the controller's +24 terminals and the monitor's ma output to the MA input of the desired channel.

NOTE: Use 18 Ga. wire and always connect from the controller to each monitor. Do not daisy chain from monitor to monitor.

How to wire the 8-channel Controller



Rev C, 04/19/23

18 AWG, three conductor, shielded control and instrumentation cable, Belden 8770 or equivalent

CAUTION: Make all wire terminations with the power OFF. Failure to do so can damage the oxygen monitor and remote display and void your warranty.

4.1 CONNECTION METHOD

Caution



- Installation should be conducted by qualified personnel. During installation, all available safety requirements should be considered. The installer is responsible for executing the installation according to this manual, local safety, and EMC regulations.
- -The unit is not equipped with an internal fuse or power supply circuit breaker. Because of this, an external time-delay fuse with minimal possible nominal current value must be used (recommended max. 2A) and a power supply circuit-breaker located near the unit. In the case of using a monopolar fuse it must be mounted on the phase cable (L).
- -The power supply network cable diameter must be selected in such a way that in the case of a short circuit of the cable from the side of the unit the cable shall be protected against destruction with an electrical installation fuse.
- -Wiring must meet appropriate standards and local regulations and laws.
- -In order to secure against accidental short circuit, the connection cables must be terminated with appropriate insulated cable tips.
- -Tighten the clamping screws. The recommended tightening torque is 0.5 Nm. Loose screws can cause fire or defective operation. Over tightening can lead to damaging the connections inside the units and breaking the thread.
- -In the case of the unit being fitted with separable clamps they should be inserted into appropriate connectors in the unit, even if they are not used for any connections
- -Unused clamps (marked as n.c.) must not be used for connecting any connecting cables (e.g., as bridges), because this can cause damage to the equipment or electric shock.

Due to possible significant interference in industrial installations appropriate measures assuring correct operation of the unit must be applied. To avoid the unit of improper indications, keep recommendations listed below.

- Avoid common (parallel) leading of signal cables and transmission cables together with power supply cables and cables controlling induction loads (e.g., contactors). Such cables should cross at a right angle.
- Contactor coils and induction loads should be equipped with anti-interference protection systems, e.g., RC-type.
- Use of screened signal cables is recommended. Signal cable screens should be connected to the earthing only at one of the ends of the screened cable.
- In the case of magnetically induced interference the use of twisted couples of signal cables (so-called "spirals") is recommended. The spiral (best if shielded) must be used with RS-485 serial transmission connections.
- In the case of interference from the power supply side the use of appropriate antiinterference filters is recommended. Bear in mind that the connection between the filter and the unit should be as short as possible and the metal housing of the filter must be connected to the earthing with largest possible surface. The cables connected to the filter output must not run in parallel with cables with interference (e.g., circuits controlling relays or contactors).

Connections of power supply voltage and measurement signals are executed using the screw connections on the back of the unit's housing.

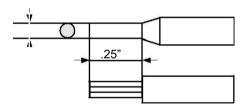


Fig. 4.1. Method of cable insulation replacing and cable terminals dimensions



All connections must be made while power supply is disconnected!

4.2 MODBUS

The controller supports MODBUS over an RS485 hardware interface. Connections may be made directly to any device that supports RS485 or converted to other hardware interfaces, such as USB, RS232, or Ethernet, through the use of commercially available converters.

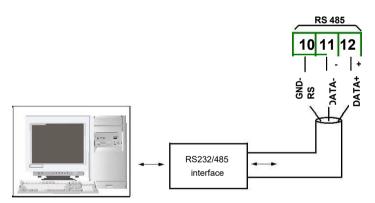


Fig. 4.10. Connection of RS-485 transmission signals

The **SWP-99** device supports the following converters:

- USB / RS-485 converter (**SRS-USB/4-Z45**)
- RS-232 / RS-485 converter (**SRS-2/4-Z45**)

4.3. MAINTENANCE

The unit does not have any internal replaceable or adjustable components available to the user. Pay attention to the ambient temperature in the room where the unit is operating. Excessively high temperatures cause faster ageing of the internal components and shorten the fault-free time of unit operation.

In cases where the unit gets dirty do not clean with solvents. For cleaning use warm water with small amount of detergent or in the case of more significant contamination ethyl or isopropyl alcohol.

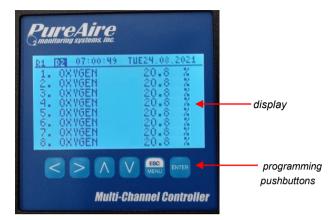


Using any other agents can cause permanent damage to the housing.



Product marked with this symbol should not be placed in municipal waste. Please check local regulations for disposal and electronic products.

5. FRONT PANEL DESCRIPTION



Key designation and functions



Symbols used in the manual: **[ESC/MENU]** and Functions:



- go to main menu (press and hold by at least 2 sec.),
- · go to result presentation modes menu,
- exit the current level and return to previous menu (or to one of result presentation modes),
- cancellation of changing the edited data logger parameter.



Symbols used in the manual: **[ENTER]** and Functions:



- start editing parameter,
- · go to submenu,



 confirm change of edited parameter. Symbols used in the manual: [<] [>] and Functions:



- change the horizontal cursor position,
- modify edited data logger parameter
- change of channel number in one of four result presentation modes and during measurement channel configuration.



Symbols used in the manual: [^] [v] and Functions:



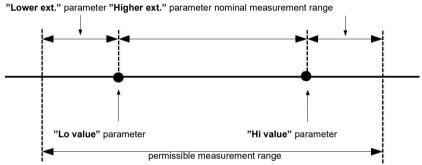
- change the vertical cursor position,
- · modify edited data logger parameter,
- change of channel result presentation mode.

6. PRINCIPLE OF OPERATION

After turning the power supply on, the logo and basic unit data are showed on the display, then the unit goes to the measurement mode.

6.1. MEASUREMENT MODE

In the measurement mode the unit executes the measurement of values of signals connected to current inputs, hereafter called measurement channels (the number of available channels depends on the unit version). Measurements are conducted at the frequency of 8 times per second for each channel. The nominal range of input current for each input is 0-20 mA or 4-20 mA and can be extended to the maximum of 0-22 mA, independently to each measurement channel. The results of the conducted measurements are shown on the LCD display. The unit computes the measurement results into indicated values proportionally (linear). The range of measurement results corresponding to the nominal range of input current is defined as *nominal measurement range*. The range of measurement results corresponding to the range of input current including the extensions is defined as *allowable measurement range* (Fig. *6.1*).



^{* &}quot;Lower ext." parameter is only significant for an input current range of 4-20 mA.

Fig. 6.1. Definition of measurement ranges

The range of displayed values, the user defines unit of measured value and position of the decimal point (for presentation in numeric form).

All available parameters of the unit's operation can be configured in the main menu (see **DEVICE PROGRAMMING**) or using the RS 485 interface and software installed on your PC.



Configuration of the device (via menu or RS 485 interface) do not stop measures.

Results of measurements conducted for active (selected by the user) channels of the unit are displayed in one of the available result presentation modes (see **RESULT PRESENTATION MODES**).

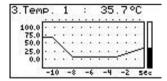
6.2. MODES OF RESULT PRESENTATION

The results of measurements conducted for active channels are presented in numeric or graphic (graph or bar) form. Selection of one of the available results presentation modes can be made using the [^] and [v] keys in the measurement mode. Configuration of the method of displaying in the selected results presentation mode can be made in the menu of the given presentation mode (see **DESCRIPTION OF RESULTS PRESENTATION MODES MENU**). The following presentation modes are available:



Fig. 6.2. "Single channel" mode

- "Single channel" mode (Fig. 6.2) enables the last measurement for one of the measurement channels to be viewed in the numeric and graphic form (bar).



- " **Graph**" mode (Fig. 6.3) enables the momentary values or averaged values of measurements conducted for one of measurement channels to be viewed in the form of agraph.

Fig. 6.3. "graph" mode

11:48:32	WED 12.10.2005
1. Current	5.00 HA
2. HUHidity 3. Temp. 1	5.00 ZRH
4. Temp. 2	625 °C
5. Pressure	- LO -
6. Flow	- HI -
7. Weight 8. Position	0.0 kg

- "Channels list" mode (Fig. 6.4, 6.5) enables the measurement results for all active measurement channels to be viewed in numeric or graphic (bar) form.

-	11:48:32	WED 12.10.2005
١	1. Current	25%
١	2. Huhidity	25%
١	3. Temp. 1 4. Temp. 2	312
١	5. Pressure	-22% IZ
١	6. Flow 7. Weight	121%
١	8. Position	02 □

Fig. 6.4. "Channels list" mode (values)

(i)

After starting the unit, the result presentation mode and channel selected prior to switching off the unit are active (this information is stored in the EEPROM memory)

6.2.1 . "Single channel" mode

This mode (Fig. 6.6) displays the result of the last measurement for one of the active channels in numeric form (in the middle part of the display) and in the form of a bar (percentage, at the bottom of the screen). The graphical indicator (bar) always shows the relation of the measurement result to the *nominal measurement range* (see description of "Hi value", "Lo value" parameters in the "Inputs settings" menu).

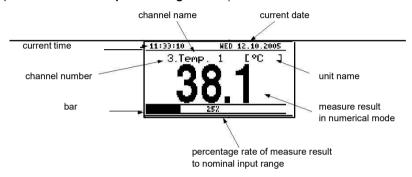


Fig. 6.6. Unit in "Single channel" result presentation mode

Exceeding the nominal measurement range (Fig. 6.7) is signaled on the bar with an arrow indicating the direction of exceeding the range. If the measurement result for one channel exceeds the allowable measurement range (Fig. 6.8) instead of the result in numeric form the display shows a "-Hi-" or "-Lo-" message (depending on the direction of exceeding, see description of "Upper ext." and "Lower ext." parameters in "Inputs settings" menu).

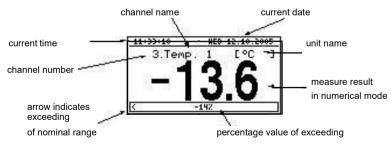


Fig. 6.7. Exceeding nominal range in "Single channel" mode

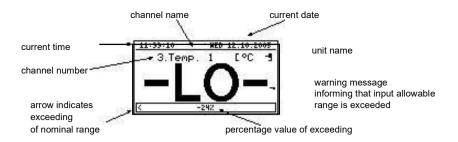
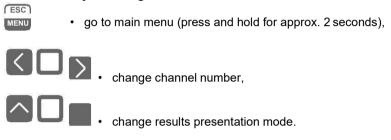


Fig. 6.8. Exceeding allowable range in "Single channel" mode

Functions of keys in "Single channel" mode:



6.2.2. "Graph" mode

In this mode (Fig. 6.9) the display shows measurement results in the form of a graph, numeric form and in the form of a vertical bar. Numeric values (displayed over the graph) and vertical bar (displayed to the right of the graph) indicate the value corresponding to the result of the current measurement, irrespective of the set time scale of the graph. The graphical indicator (bar displayed to the right of the graph) always indicates the measurement result to the allowable measurement range ratio (see description of "Hi value" "Lo value" parameters in the "Inputs settings" menu).

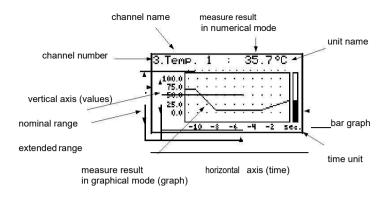


Fig. 6.9. Unit in "Graph" result presentation mode

Exceeding the *allowable measurement range* (Fig. 6.10, 6.11) is announced on the bar in the form of an arrow indicating the direction of exceeding the range. If the measurement result for the given channel exceeds the *allowable measurement range* (Fig. 6.10, 6.11) instead of the current numeric value (displayed in the upper right corner) the display shows a "-Hi-" or "-Lo-" message (depending on the direction of exceeding, see description of "Upper ext." and "Lower ext." parameters in the "Inputs settings" menu).

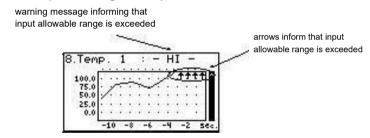


Fig. 6.10. Exceeding the upper limit of the allowable measurement range

The display shows points corresponding to measurement results. Directly after switching to the "Graph" mode the display shows points of the graph corresponding to measurement results stored in memory. The points that are displayed next correspond to the results of conducted measurements. Therefore, if there are measurement results in the unit's memory, they shall be displayed directly after switching to the "Graph" mode, otherwise (no measurements in memory) the graph points corresponding to measurements results shall be plotted from the time this mode is switched on. If the measurement result for the given channel exceeds the *allowable measurement range*, then instead of the graph point corresponding to the measurement result, the display shows an arrow indicating the direction of exceeding the range (Fig. 6.10, 6.11). Above the upper limit of graph window, the display shows points corresponding to the measurement times.

The vertical scale of the graph covers the values defined for the nominal range by "**Hi value**" and "**Lo value**" parameters including extensions ("**Upper ext.**" and "**Lower ext.**" parameters).

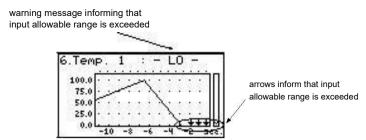


Fig. 6.11. Exceeding lower limit of the allowable measurement range

In the case of the upper limit, lower limit, or both limits of measurement range being exceeded in the given *recording period*, values represented in the form of arrows indicating the direction of exceeding (up, down, or both directions) will be recorded in the unit's memory instead of the averaged results.

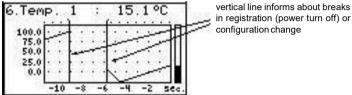


Fig. 6.12. Breaks in registration or change of configuration in "Graph" mode.

Changes of settings configuring the operation of a given channel and operation stoppage are signaled in the form of a vertical line (Fig. 6.12).

If the settings of the horizontal scale (time scale) will be too big (time/point) in relation to speed of changes of the measurement signal, the graph can become illegible. If this is the case, change the time scale settings. The horizontal scale settings (time scale) can be changed in the "Graph options" menu. In order to go to the "Graph options" menu press the [ESC/MENU] key.

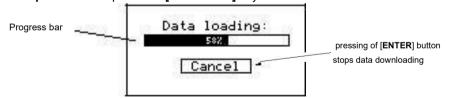


Fig. 6.13. Message displayed when loading data to be displayed on the graph.



If downloading the data (measurement results from memory) necessary for displaying the graph takes more than 1 second an appropriate message is displayed (Fig. 6.13). Pressing **[ENTER]** will stop the data downloading process and display a graph made on the basis of the data downloaded so far. "X" will be displayed instead of data that was not downloaded (Fig. 6.14).

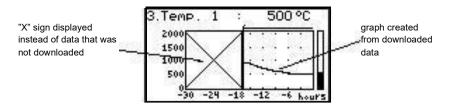
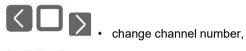


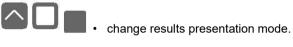
Fig. 6.14. Display in "Graph" mode in the case where data upload was stopped.

Functions of keys in "Graph" mode:



- go to main menu (press and hold for approx. 2 seconds).
- go to "Graph options" menu, description on page 33.





6.2.3 . "Channels List" mode

In this mode (Fig. 6.15, 6.16) the display shows the results of the current measurements for the active channels of the unit. The measurement results can be presented in numeric form or in the form of a bar (percentage) depending on the settings in the "Channels list options" menu. Graphic indicators (bars) always show the measurement result to the nominal measurement range ratio.

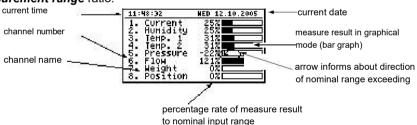


Fig. 6.15. Unit in "Channels list" results presentation mode. "Channels list options" parameter set as "bar graphs".

Exceeding the *nominal measurement range* is signaled on the bars in the form of an arrow indicating the direction of exceeding the range. If the measurement result for a given channel exceeds the allowable measurement range, instead of the current result in numeric form the display shows a "-Hi-" or "-Lo-" message (depending on the direction of exceeding, see description of "Upper ext." and "Lower ext." parameters in "Inputs settings" menu). Press the [ESC/MENU] key to go to "Channels list options" menu.

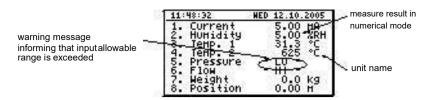
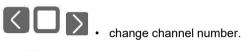


Fig. 6.16. Unit in "Channels list" results presentation mode. "Channels list options" parameter set as "values".

Functions of keys in "Channels list" mode:



- go to main menu (press and hold for approx. 2 seconds),
- Go to "Channels list options" menu, description on page 33.





change results presentation mode.

6.3. PRINCIPLE OF OUTPUTS OPERATION

Device is equipped in electronic relay outputs that can be used to control external devices. Each output has own icon (in left upper corner Fig. 6.17) that shows the status of the output.

Relays are controlled by alarms defined in "Inputs settings" menu and additional parameters in " Outputs settings" menu.

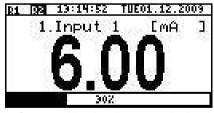


Fig. 6.17. Screen with relay 1 open and relay 2 closed.

6.3.1 . Alarms

Each channel can generate two independent alarms. Particular alarm is present when entered condition is met. Those conditions can be set in "Inputs settings".

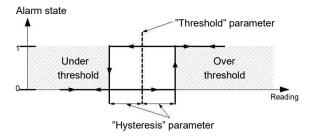


Fig. 6.18. "Over threshold" mode diagram. 0 means alarm not present, 1 alarm present

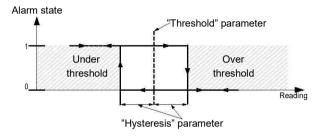
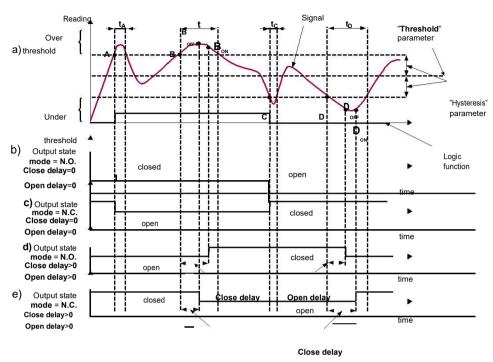


Fig. 6.19. "Under threshold" mode diagram. 0 means alarm not present, 1 alarm present

6.3.2. Outputs control



Caption:

A, B, C, D, E - signal border crossing points.

Bon, Boff, Con, Coff, Eon, Eoff-relay switch state moments for chart d and e

t A, t B, t c, t D, t E-times when displayed values are in measurement zones Over and Underthreshold

Fig. 6.20. Relay controlled by one alarm "Over threshold" mode (" Closed hold time and " Open hold time" set to 0).

Outputs in **SWP-99** device are controlled by logic function of channels alarms. There are two logic functions: OR – closes (or opens, if output channel mode is set to N.C.) the relay when **any** of attached channels is in alarm state, AND - closes (or opens, if output channel mode is set to "**N.C.**") when **all** of attached channels are in alarm state.

Particular channel is in alarm state when condition selected in "Outputs settings: Source" is met. For example, when "alarm 2" option is selected for channel 1 the channel 1 will be in alarm state if and only if alarm 2 will be present, state of alarm 1 does not matter in this case. If option "alarm 1 and 2" is selected, channel will be in alarm state if and only if alarm 1 and alarm 2 will be present at the same time.

" **Mode**" parameter describes output mode. If "**N.O.**" is selected then relay will be closed when logic function is **1**, and open in the other case. If "**N.C.**" is selected then relay will be open when logic function is **1** and closed in the other case.

Figure 6.20 shows example reading followed by relay state. Relay state can be changed only when times (t_A, t_B, t_C, t_D) are greater than delays times. If those delays times are set to " $\mathbf{0}$ " the switch state is taken as soon as condition appears. If those delay parameters are set to value greater than " $\mathbf{0}$ " relay switch state is taken (point B_{ON} , D_{ON} , chart: a, d, e) when delay time is elapsed.

Additional parameters shown in figure 6.21 are " **Closed hold time**" and " **Open hold time**". Those parameters cause to hold current output state for desired time. When output is hold alarms states are no consider therefore no delays times are counted until hold time elapse.

Logic †

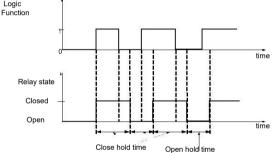


Fig. 6.21. Working relay diagram in "N.O." mode. " Open hold time" and " Closed hold time" greater than 0, " Open delay" and " Close delay" equals 0.

In case of often threshold overpass (large readings oscillations) the "Close delay" and "Open delay" parameters in opposite to "Closed hold time" and "Open hold time" will delay switching output state until internal time counter reaches entered value. The counter is counting up (to the entered value) when logic function is 1 and counting down to 0 when logic function is 0. The way how it works is described in Fig. 6.22.

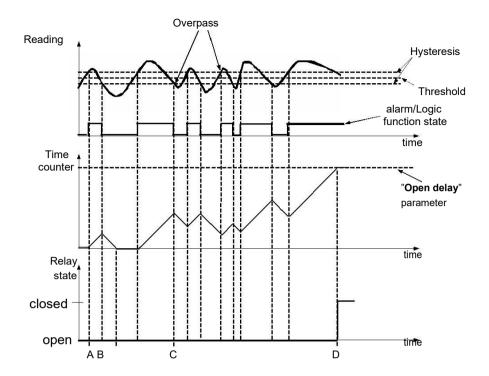


Fig. 6.22. Working output controlled by single channel alarm with large reading oscillations.

Alarm mode - "over threshold", " Open hold time" and " Closed hold time" equals 0,

"Open delay" and " Close delay" greater 0.

6.3.3 . Example of output control



Outputs have limited current rating. **Do not** use outputs to supply external devices that requires a lot of power like heaters, motors, or others. Instead of use external supply devices like power relays or others that can be controlled by output.

If simple temperature control in some room is required the **SWP-99** can be used to do this. Assuming there are a heater and cooler that we can control by outputs and single temperature sensor. We must connect sensor to some input, output 1 to control heater and output 2 to the cooler. The input channel where temperature sensor is connected must be configured correctly (in this example it is assumed reading is in Celsius degree).

If lower limit of the temperature when heater should be turned on is 18 degree and upper limit when cooler should be turned on is 27 degree, alarm settings should be as follows (assuming decimal point "0.0"):

- " AL1 mode" "under threshold"
- " Threshold 1" 19.0
- " Hysteresis 1" 1.0
- " AL2 mode" "over threshold"
- " Threshold 2" 26.0
- " Hysteresis 2" 1.0

When alarm 1 is generated this means that the temperature reaches 18 degree (19.0 - 1.0). When temperature reaches 20 degree (19.0 + 1.0) alarm 1 will disappear. Similar, when temperature reaches 27 degree (26.0 + 1.0) alarm 2 will appear and when temperature reaches 25 degree (26.0 - 1.0) alarm 2 will disappear.

Now we have to configure outputs to use those alarms. In " **Outputs settings**" menu fallowing example parameters must be set:

Output 1 (heater

control) " Mode" - "N.O."

- "Logic funct." "AND"
- " Source:channel 1" "alarm 1" heater alarm "

Close delay" - "120.0" - heater turning on delay

- " Open delay" "30.0" heater turning off delay
- " Closed hold time" "180.0" minimal time that heater should work "

Open hold time" - "150.0" - minimal time that heater should be turned off

Output 2 (cooler control) "

Mode" - "N.O."

- " Logic funct." "AND"
- " Source:channel 1" "alarm 1" cooler alarm "

Close delay" - "120.0" - cooler turning on delay

- " Open delay" "30.0" cooler turning off delay
- " Closed hold time" "180.0" cooler time that heater should work "

Open hold time" - "150.0" - cooler time that heater should be turned off

For those settings the heater and cooler will work as assumed.

7. DEVICE PROGRAMMING

Defining the method of displaying measurement results in the selected results presentation mode can be done in the presentation mode menu. The meaning of individual parameters available for selected modes of results presentation is described in the **DESCRIPTION OF RESULTS PRESENTATION MENU MODES** section. In order to get to the configuration menu of selected results presentation mode, press the **[ESC/MENU]** key in the current results presentation mode.

The unit's main menu (Fig. 7.1) enables necessary information about the unit to be obtained and allows the setting of all parameters of the unit related to operation of measurement channels, communications using the RS 485 interface, LCD display, access settings, and other. The meaning of particular parameters of the unit is described in section *MAIN MENU DESCRIPTION*.

To access the main menu, press down and hold for approx. 2 seconds the **[ESC/MENU]** key in any results presentation mode.

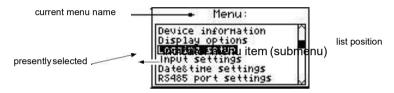


Fig. 7.1. Main menu of the unit

If the "Password" option in the "Access setup" menu was defined, then the user will have to provide the password (Fig. 7.2) before proceeding to menu options (the password is entered the same way as changing a numeric parameter, see *EDITING PARAMETERS*).

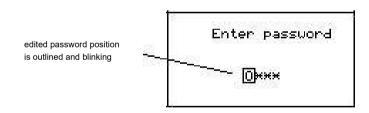


Fig. 7.2. Password requested when accessing unit's main menu.

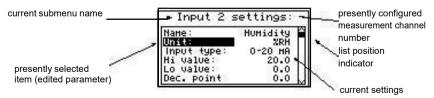


Fig. 7.3. Example of submenu

Functions of the buttons while sub-menu and parameters choice:





 Change the number of the configured channel (only in "Inputs settings" submenu.



 Change of current item in the menu (selecting a lower level menu or parameter for editing). The selected option is distinguished by displaying the option name in negative (bright lettering on dark background).



The function of the **[ENTER]** key depends on the type of current menu item:

- if the menu item corresponds to one of the unit's parameters, pressing **[ENTER]** starts parameter editing,
- if the menu item selects a lower level menu, pressing [ENTER] activates the new menu.



 The [ESC/MENU] key exits the current menu level and returns to ahigher order menu (to one of the results presentation modes).



After approximately 1 minute since the last activation of the keys, the unit returns from any level to one of the results presentation modes (only if no parameters are in editing mode).

7.1. PARAMETERS EDITION

To start edition of any parameter user should select name of desired one using [^] [v] buttons and then [ENTER].

7.1.1 . Numeric and switching parameters ("LIST" - type)

Numeric parameters constitute a series of digits that form a number in decimal format. Entering a new parameter value (Fig. 7.4) consists of changing the values of selected digits within the allowable range (using the [^], [v] keys). Some numeric parameters can take negative values (e.g., "Hi value" parameter). In such cases the "-" mark can be selected on the first decimal position of the parameter.

Switching parameters (Fig. 7.5) can be presented in the form of a list, out of which only one of the options available on the list can be selected for the given parameter. Options of switching parameter are selected using [^], [v] keys.

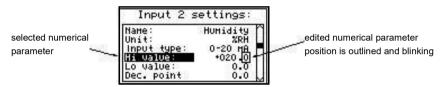


Fig. 7.4. Editing numerical parameter

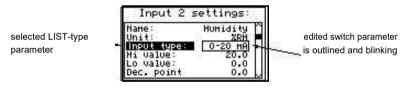


Fig. 7.5. Editing "LIST" - type switching parameter

Functions of keys when editing numeric and switching parameters:





 Selecting the decimal position of the edited numeric parameter. Selected item is distinguished with brackets and flashes. In the case of switching parameters these keys are not used.



 Change of current value (i.e., flashing) of the digit (for numeric parameters) or switching status (for switching parameters, e.g., "Input type").



· Confirm the changes and end parameter editing.



Cancel changes.

7.1.2 . Text parameters

Text parameters constitute a series of characters selected from the character table (Fig. 7.7) stored in the unit's memory. Entering the new parameter value (Fig. 7.6, 7.7) consists of selecting consecutive characters of the text by indicating the position of the character in the table displayed below edited text. The edited character is placed in brackets and flashes; its source is indicated in the characters table with brackets surrounding the edited character.

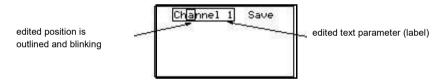


Fig. 7.6. Selection of character for editing

Functions of keys when selecting character for editing (characters table is not displayed at that time):





Selecting the position of edited character or option of saving text parameter.
 The selected character (save option) is distinguished with brackets.



Start editing the character for the selected position



 Confirm the changes and finish parameter editing (when option "Save" is distinguished with brackets and flashes).



Cancel changes (at any time).

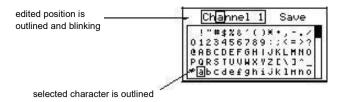
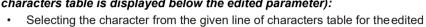


Fig. 7.7. Character editing

Functions of keys when editing selected character (at this time characters table is displayed below the edited parameter):

position of the text parameter.









• Selecting the character from the given column of characters table for the edited position of the text parameter.



• Confirm the selected character from characters table for the edited position and start editing next character or completing character editing (if the edited character was the last one in the sequence).



Cancel changes (at any time).

7.1.3 . "SLIDER" - type parameters

The parameters of this type are presented graphically in the form of a bar that turns black correspondingly to the ratio of the current value of the selected parameter to the maximum value of this parameter. Entering the new parameter value (Fig. 7.8) consists of changing the level of "blackening" the bar within the allowable range using the [<], [>] keys.

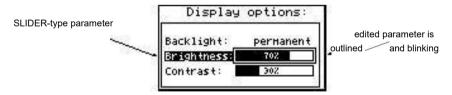


Fig. 7.8. Editing "SLIDER" - type parameter

Functions of keys when editing "SLIDER" - type parameters:



 Change the value of edited parameter. The edited parameter placed in brackets and flashes.



· Finish editing parameter.



· Cancel changes (at any time).

7.2. DESCRIPTION OF RESULTS PRESENTATION MODES MENU

Press the **[ESC/MENU]** key in the current results presentation mode to go to the results presentation mode configuration menu.

7.2.1. "Graph options" menu

This menu contains options configuring the method of displaying measurement results for the "Graph" mode:

"Scale" - this option allows time points corresponding to particular points on the horizontal axis of the graph (time axis) to be defined. 16 options are available: from 0.125 seconds/point to 5 minutes/point.

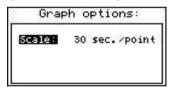


Fig. 7.9. "Graph options" menu

7.2.2. "Channels list options" menu

This menu contains options configuring the method of displaying measurement results for the "Channels list" mode:

"Display" - this option enables the selection of the method of displaying measurement results. The following possibilities are available:

"values" - measurement results displayed in numeric form "bar graphs" - measurement results displayed in the form of bars (percentage)

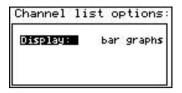
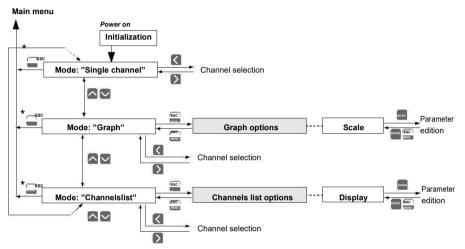


Fig. 7.10. "Channels list options" menu

7.3. RESULTS PRESENTATION MODES MENU STRUCTURE



^{*} Press and hold at least 2 seconds

7.4. MAIN MENU DESCRIPTION

7.4.1. "Device information" menu

This menu contains information about the unit and cannot be edited:

7.4.2 . "Display options" menu

This menu contains options that enable the displaying parameters of the LCD to be changed:

"Backlight" - this option allows one to define when the LCD backlight is to be switched on. The following possibilities are available:

"permanent" - backlight always On,

"temporary" - backlight is turned on when any key on the unit is pressed and switches Off after 1 minute since the last activation of the keys and turned on for approximately 10 seconds when the unit is switched on.

if the display backlight is inactive and the "Backlight" option was set as "temporary" pressing any key will only switch the backlight on.

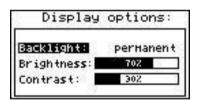


Fig. 7.11. "Display options" menu

7.4.3 ."Input settings " menu

This menu enables the configuring of current inputs. The number of the configured input is displayed in the upper part of the display (Fig. 7.12, 7.13). The following options are available in this menu:

"Name" - name assigned for the given channel (9-character sequence enabling identification of given channel).

"Unit" -4-character sequence constituting the unit for the value measured on the given

[&]quot;Version" - version of unit firmware,

[&]quot;Serial no" - unit serial number.

[&]quot;Brightness" - brightness of display backlight as a percentage

[&]quot;Contrast" - contrast of the display as a percentage

channel.

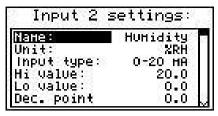


Fig. 7.12. "Inputs settings" (part 1)

"Input type" - type of input/sensor. The following options are available:

```
"inactive" - input is not active
"0-20 mA","4-20 mA" - current inputs, displayed value is defined by "Hi value",
"Lo value" and "Dec. point" parameters.
```

"Hi value"
"Lo value"

- these parameters define the values displayed for maximum (Hi), and minimum (Lo) current in the selected measurement range (0-20 mA or 4-20 mA). The previously mentioned parameters can be set in the range $-9999 \div 9999$.

A negative number can be input by entering a '-' mark (using [^], [v] keys).



The value of the "Lo value" parameter can be higher than the value of "Hi value" parameter. In such a case, for an increasing value of input current the displayed value decreases.



Fig. 7.13. "Inputs settings" menu (part 2)

"Dec. point" - position of the decimal point for results displayed in numerical form.

The following options are available:

"0"" 0.0" " 0.00"

"0.000"

The position of the decimal point is selected with [^], [v] keys.

"Filter" - this option enables the level of the filtration of indications to be changed. Permissible values: from 0 (no filtration) to 5 (filtration with maximum time constant of approx. 2 seconds).

"Upper ext." - parameter defining the allowable range of input currents (Fig. 7.14).

"Lower ext."

If the input current lies within the defined range then the appropriate measurement result shall be displayed despite exceeding the nominal measurement value 0-20 mA or 4-20 mA. If the input current exceeds the range defined by "Upper extension", "Lower extension", a "-Hi-" or "-Lo-" message (depending on the direction of exceeding the range) shall be displayed instead of the measurement result in numeric form. The "Upper extension" and "Lower extension" values are defined in mA with the accuracy of 0.01 mA. The "Lower extension" value is defined in relation to a 4 mA current, in the range of 0-3.99 mA (this parameter is significant only in the "4-20 mA" mode). The "Upper extension" value is defined in relation to a 20 mA current in the range of 0-1.99 mA.

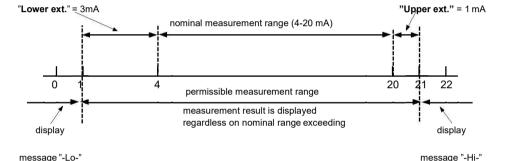


Fig. 7.14. Defining permissible measurement range for an example of settings of "Upper ext." and "Lower ext." parameters (for nominal measurement range 4-20 mA)

"AL1 mode"

- those parameters describe the way of alarms generation. Each channel is able to generate two independent alarms, used in control of the outputs (see "Outputs settings"). The following options are available:

"Under - alarm is generated when displayed value in this

threshold" channel is under entered value.

"Over threshold" - alarm is generated when displayed value in this channel is over entered value.

"Threshold 1" - entered value in this field is constantly compare with actual displayed "Threshold 2" value. Outpassing this value (up or down, depends on mode setting) causes alarm generation.



Entered values are not checked by the device. If value of the threshold is out range of the current channel (e.g.: -10 when minimal value in the channel is 0) specific alarm will not be generated (or will be generated continuously, depending on "AL1 mode", "AL2 mode" settings).

"Hysteresis 1" - those are the hysteresis values for the "Threshold 1" and "Threshold 2" "Hysteresis 2" parameters. Those parameters can be configured to prevent generation of short and often alarms. When this parameter is set to value greater than 0 the specificalarm is generated when displayed value exceeds threshold

+/- hysteresis.

```
Input 1 settings:

AL1 Hode: Under thresh. Threshold 1: 10.00
Hysteresis 1: 0.00
AL2 Hode: Under thresh.
Threshold 2: 11.10
Hysteresis 2: 0.02
```

Fig. 7.15. "Input settings" - alarms settings

7.4.4 ."Outputs settings " menu

This menu allows to change settings of the outputs.

"Mode" - Defines operation mode of the output. The following options are available:

"inactive" - output is always OPEN. State of the attached channels alarms

are

ignored,

"N.O." - normally OPEN, "N.C." - normally CLOSED.

"Logic funct." - describes active-state computing method for attached alarms. The following options are available:

"OR" - output is active when any of the attached channels is alarm state.

"AND" - output is active when all of the attached channels are in alarm state.

"**Source**" - brings up a submenu with alarm sources settings (Fig. 7.16). The following options are available for each channel:

"inactive" - channel is ignored (never in alarm state).

"alarm 1" - channel is in alarm state when alarm 1 is generated.

"alarm 2" - channel is in alarm state when alarm 2 is generated.

"alarm 1 or 2" - channel is in alarm state when alarm 1 or alarm 2 are generated.

"alarm 1 and 2" - channel is in alarm state when alarm 1 and alarm 2 are generated at the same time.

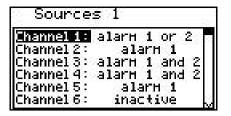


Fig. 7.16. Submenu "Source" in menu "Outputs settings".

"Close delay" - Output switch from open to closed state will be delayed until this time elapse.

"Open delay" - Output switch from closed to open state will be delayed until this time elapse.



If condition to switch state of the output will repeat occurring more often than half of the delay and mean duty cycle (D) will be greater than 50% the output will eventually switch. See chapter " Outputs control" for more details.

"Closed hold time" - this is the time when state of the output will be hold regardless channels "Open hold time" alarm state.



- All time type parameters which describe outputs, can be set in range 0 ÷ 999 with resolution of 1sec.
- Because of computing precision, the time is shorter about 2.5% than the entered value. This means if time is set to 100.0s the real time will be shorter about 2.5s.

Output 1 sett	ings
	0.
Logic funct.	OR
Source:	1
Close delay:	0.0
Open delay:	0.0
Closed hold time:	0.0

Fig. 7.17. " Outputs settings" menu.

7.4.5. "Date & time settings" menu

Menu allows to change date and time of internal clock (RTC):

After entering the menu, the current indications of the internal clock are displayed. The changing of parameters ("Time" or "Date") stops the indications updating. Changed parameters must be stored using the "Apply" option.

[&]quot;Time" - current time according to the unit's real timeclock,

[&]quot;Date" - current date according to the unit's real time clock,

[&]quot;Apply" - this option enables the internal real time clock to be set according to values of the "Time" and "Date" parameters.

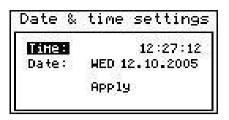


Fig. 7.18. "Date & time settings" menu

7.4.6. "RS485 port settings" menu

This menu contains options to configure the RS485 interface:

"Address" - this parameter specifies the unit's address, according to the Modbus protocol (in the range of 0 to 99). If the address is set as 0, then the unit responds to the FFh address.

"Baud rate" - this option defines the RS-485 serial interface transmission speed. 8 possibilities are available:

. "1200", "2400","4800", "9600", "19200", "38400", "57600", "115200" b/sec.



Default baud rate value is 115200 b/sec. Some RS485 converters may not work properly with this setting. In such a case set lower baud rate (according to converter data sheet).

"Resp. delay" - this parameter defines minimal (additional) delay between the Modbus message and the answer of the device (received and sent via RS-485 interface). This additional delay allows the device to work with poor RS- converters which do not work properly on baud rates higher than 19200. This parameter can be set to one of values:

- device responds without any additional delay

"stand."
"+10 ch."
"+20 ch."
"+50 ch."
"+100 ch."
"+200 ch."

The unit response with additional delay equal to transmission time of 10, 20, 50, 100 or 200 characters.



In the most cases parameter "Response delay" should be set to "Stand." (no additional delay). Unfortunately for some third party RS-converters

"Response delay" should be adjusted experimentally. Table below contains most frequently used values.

"Baud rate" parameter	"38400"	"57600"	"115200"
"Resp. delay" parameter	"+10 ch."	"+20 ch."	"+50 ch."

Tab. 7.1. Settings of "Resp. delay" parameter

"Conf. change" - this option allows the method of accessing unit's configuration registers through the RS485 interface to be defined.

The following options are available:

"denied" - configuration registers cannot be set via RS-485 interface,

"allowed" - configuration registers can be set via RS-485 interface.

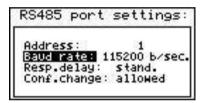


Fig. 7.19. "RS485 port settings" menu

7.4.7. "Access setup" menu

This menu contains options controlling access to the unit's adjustable parameters:

"Password for menu access" - menu access password (4-digit number). If the parameter is set to "0000" the password is disabled. If the parameter is different from "0000" then menu access requires password to be entered.

If the user does not remember his password, the access to the menu is possible by the "one-use password". To get this password please contact with Marketing Division. Please set new user password immediately after use of the "one-use password".

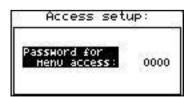
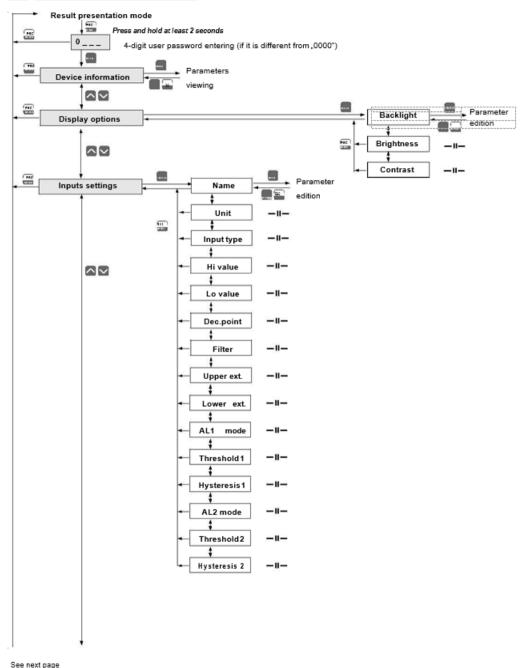


Fig. 7.20. "Access setup" menu

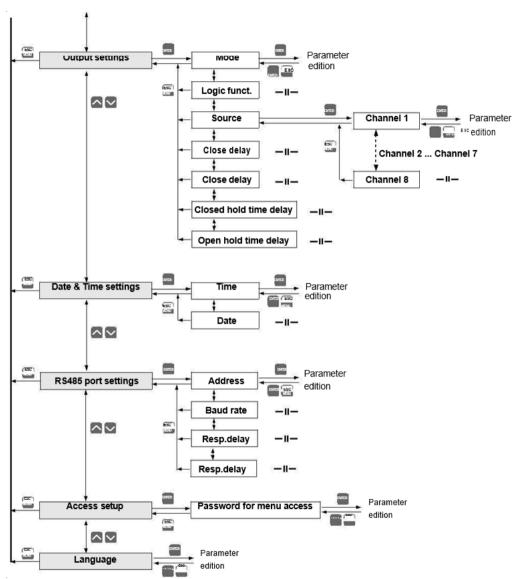
7.4.8 ."Language " parameter

This parameter allows selection of messages and menu language.

7.5. MAIN MENU STRUCTURE



See previous page



8. THE MODBUS PRO TOCOL HANDLING

Transmission parameters: 1 start bit, 8 data bits, 1 stop bit, no parity control Baud rate: selectable from: 1200 to 115200 bits/second

Transmission protocol: MODBUS RTU compatible

The device parameters and measurement result are available via RS-485 interface, as HOLDING-type registers of Modbus RTU protocol. The registers (or groups of the registers) can be read by 03h function and wrote by 06h (single registers) or 10h (group of the registers) accordingly to Modbus RTU specification.

8.1. LIST OF REGISTERS

Register	Write	Range	Register description				
01h ¹	No	-9999÷9999	Measurement result for channel 1 (not considering the decimal point)				
02h ¹	No	-9999÷9999	Measurement result for channel 2 (not considering the decimal point)				
03h ¹	No	-9999÷9999	Measurement result for channel 3 (not considering the decimal point)				
04h ¹	No	-9999÷9999	Measurement result for channel 4 (not considering the decimal point)				
05h ¹	No	-9999÷9999	Measurement result for channel 5 (not considering the decimal point)				
06h ¹	No	-9999÷9999	Measurement result for channel 6 (not considering the decimal point)				
07h ¹	No	-9999÷9999	Measurement result for channel 7 (not considering the decimal point)				
08h ¹	No	-9999÷9999	Measurement result for channel 8 (not considering the decimal poi				
09h No 0÷0FFFFh			Information about exceeding the allowable measurement range on the given measurement channel in binary form: HGFEDCBAhgfedcba. Higher(2 nd) byte - exceeding upper limit of measurement range (H - channel no 8, A - channel no 1). Lower(1 st) byte - exceeding upper limit of measurement range (h - channel no 8, a - channel no 1). 1 - exceeding the range, 0 - measurement result within range				
0Bh	No	0÷3	Outputs state (binary) 00000000 000000ba: a – output 1 b - output 2 0 – open; 1 – closed				
11h	Yes	0÷1	"Backlight" parameter in "Display options" menu: 0 - permanent, 1 - temporary				
12h	Yes	0÷20	LCD backlight brightness				
13h	Yes	0÷20	LCD contrast				
14h	Yes	0÷3	"Language" parameter: 0 - Polish, 1 - English, 2 - French, 3 - Spanish				
18h	No	0÷6	Days of the week registry				
19h	Yes	2000÷2099	Year registry				

Register	Write	Range	Register description		
1Ah	Yes	1÷12	Months registry		
1Bh	Yes	1÷31	Days registry		
1Ch	Yes	0÷23	Hours registry		
1Dh	Yes	0÷59	Minutes registry		
1Eh	Yes	0÷59	Seconds registry		
1Fh	Yes	0÷3	Control registry for time-related settings: 0 - startup of continued update of registries 18h ÷ 1Eh by internal clock (current time and date), 80h - stopping update of registries 18h ÷ 1Eh by internal clock (automatically after writing one of 18h ÷ 1Eh registries). In this status 18h ÷ 1Eh registries can be written with new values in order to update internal clock settings. Updating the clock settings with contents of 18h ÷ 1Eh registries can be executed by sending the following commands to the control registry: 1 - hour update on the basis of (1Ch ÷ 1Eh) registries' contents; 2 - date update on the basis of (18h ÷ 1Bh) registries' contents; 3 - time and date update on the basis of (18h ÷ 1Eh) registries' contents. After sending commands 1, 2 or 3 the contents of registries automatically return to 0.		
20h ²	Yes	0÷199	Address of device		
21h	No	009Ch	Device identification code		
22h ³	Yes	0÷7	"Baud rate" parameter in "RS485 port settings" menu (baud rate): 0 - 1200; 1 - 2400; 2 - 4800; 3 - 9600; 4 - 19200; 5 - 38400; 6 - 57600; 7 - 115200;		
23h ⁴	Yes	0÷1	"Conf. change" parameter in "RS485 port settings" menu (permission to write registers): 0 - write denied; 1 - write allowed.		
28h	No		Firmware version		
29h	No		Compilation number		
2Ah	No		Higher (2 nd) word of serial number		
2Bh	No		Lower (1st) word of serial number		
2Ch	No	1, 4, 8	Number of units' measurement channels		
Configura	tion pa	rameters for o			
40h	Yes	0÷2	"Input type" parameter in "Inputs settings" submenu for channel 1: 0 - inactive; 1 - 0-20mA; 2 - 4-20mA		
41h	Yes	-9999÷9999	"Lo value" parameter in "Inputs settings" submenu for channel 1 (not considering decimal point)		
42h	Yes	-9999÷9999	"Hi value" parameter in "Inputs settings" submenu for channel 1 (not considering decimal point)		
43h	Yes	0÷3	"Dec. point" parameter in "Inputs settings" submenu for channel1: 0 - 0; 1 - 0,0; 2 - 0,00; 3 - 0,000		

Register	Write	Range	Register description			
44h	Yes	0÷5	"Filter" parameter in "Inputs settings" submenu for channel 1:			
4411	163	0.5	(filtration coefficient)			
45h	Yes	0÷399	"Lower ext." parameter in "Inputs settings" submenu for channel 1			
4311	165	0-399	expressed in 0.01 mA (not considering decimal point)			
46h	Yes	0÷199	"Upper ext." parameter in "Inputs settings" submenu for channel 1			
4011	165	0+199	expressed in 0.01 mA (not considering decimal point)			
47h	Vaa	Character	"Name" parameter in "Inputs settings" submenu for channel 1;			
4/11	Yes	Character	Higher byte – character No. 1; Lower byte – character No. 2			
40h	Vaa	Character	"Name" parameter in "Inputs settings" submenu for channel 1;			
48h	Yes	Character	Higher byte – character No. 3; Lower byte – character No. 4			
401-	V	01	"Name" parameter in "Inputs settings" submenu for channel 1;			
49h	Yes	Character	Higher byte – character No. 5; Lower byte – character No. 6			
4.4.1-	V	01	"Name" parameter in "Inputs settings" submenu for channel 1;			
4Ah	Yes	Character	Higher byte – character No. 7; Lower byte – character No. 8			
451		01 1	"Name" parameter in "Inputs settings" submenu for channel 1;			
4Bh	Yes	Character	Higher byte – character No. 9; Lower byte – 0			
401			"Unit" parameter in "Inputs settings" submenu for channel 1;			
4Ch	Yes	Character	Higher byte – character No. 1; Lower byte – character No. 2			
45.			"Unit" parameter in "Inputs settings" submenu for channel 1;			
4Dh	4Dh Yes Character		Higher byte – character No. 3; Lower byte – character No. 4			
5		-01 (50)	Parameters in "Inputs settings" submenu for channel 2; registry			
Registe	er from 5	50h to 5Dh	description like for channel 1 (see registers 40h to 4Dh).			
· ·		201 1 001	Parameters in "Inputs settings" submenu for channel 3; registry			
Registe	er from 6	30h to 6Dh	description like for channel 1 (see registers 40h to 4Dh).			
Daniet	.	70l- t- 7Dl-	Parameters in "Inputs settings" submenu for channel 4; registry			
Registe	er from <i>i</i>	70h to 7Dh	description like for channel 1 (see registers 40h to 4Dh).			
· ·		201 1 001	Parameters in "Inputs settings" submenu for channel 5; registry			
Registe	er from 8	30h to 8Dh	description like for channel 1 (see registers 40h to 4Dh).			
			Parameters in "Inputs settings" submenu for channel 6; registry			
Registe	er from 9	90h to 9Dh	description like for channel 1 (see registers 40h to 4Dh).			
Б			Parameters in "Inputs settings" submenu for channel 7; registry			
Registe	er from A	NOh to ADh	description like for channel 1 (see registers 40h to 4Dh).			
Design		NOI- 4- DDI-	Parameters in "Inputs settings" submenu for channel 8; registry			
Registe	er from E	30h to BDh	description like for channel 1 (see registers 40h to 4Dh).			
Alarm configuration paramete			rs for channel No. 1			
"AL1 mode" parameter in "Inputs settings" submenu for channel 1;						
Cun	C0h Yes 0÷1 0 – under threshold; 1 – over threshold					
C1h	C1h Yes -9999÷9999 "Threshold 1" parameter in "Inputs settings" submenu					
for channel 1;						
C2h	Yes	-9999÷9999	"Hysteresis 1" parameter in "Inputs settings" submenu			
5211	. 55	3000-0000	for channel 1;			

Register	Write	Range	Register description			
C3h	Yes	0÷1	"AL2 mode" parameter in "Inputs settings" submenu for channel 1; 0 – under threshold; 1 – over threshold			
C4h	Yes	-9999÷9999	"Threshold 2" parameter in "Inputs settings" submenu for channel 1;			
C5h	Yes	-9999÷9999	for channel 1;			
Registe	er from C	8h to CDh	Alarm parameters in "Inputs settings" submenu for channel 2; registry description like for channel 1 (see registers C0h to C5h).			
Registe	er from D	00h to D5h	Alarm parameters in "Inputs settings" submenu for channel 3; registry description like for channel 1 (see registers C0h to C5h).			
Registe	er from E	08h to DDh	Alarm parameters in "Inputs settings" submenu for channel 4; registry description like for channel 1 (see registers C0h to C5h).			
Registe	er from E	E0h to E5h	Alarm parameters in " Inputs settings " submenu for channel 5; registry description like for channel 1 (see registers C0h to C5h).			
Registe	er from E	8h to EDh	Alarm parameters in " Inputs settings " submenu for channel 6; registry description like for channel 1 (see registers C0h to C5h).			
Registe	er from F	F0h to F5h	Alarm parameters in " Inputs settings " submenu for channel 7; registry description like for channel 1 (see registers C0h to C5h).			
Registe	er from F	8h to FDh	Alarm parameters in " Inputs settings " submenu for channel 8; registry description like for channel 1 (see registers C0h to C5h).			
Configura	tion pa	rameters for o	output No. 1			
100h	Yes	0÷2	"Mode" parameter in "Outputs settings" submenu for output 1; 0 – inactive (always OPEN) 1 – normally OPEN (N.O.) 2 – normally CLOSED (N.C.)			
101h	Yes	0÷1	"Logic func." parameter in "Outputs settings" submenu for output 1; 0 – OR; 1 – AND			
102h	Yes	0÷4	"Channel 1" parameter in "Outputs settings:source" submenu for output 1; 0 – inactive 1 – alarm 1 2 – alarm 2 3 – alarm 1 or 2 4 – alarm 1 and 2			
103h	Yes	0÷4	"Channel 2" parameter in "Outputs settings:source" submenu for output 1; registry description like for "Channel 1" (see register 102h).			
104	Yes	0÷4	"Channel 3" parameter in "Outputs settings:source" submenu for output 1; registry description like for "Channel 1" (see register 102h).			
105	Yes	0÷4	"Channel 4" parameter in "Outputs settings:source" submenu for output 1; registry description like for "Channel 1" (see register 102h).			
106	Yes	0÷4	"Channel 5" parameter in "Outputs settings:source" submenu for output 1; registry description like for "Channel 1" (see register 102h).			

Register	Write	Range	Register description	
107	Yes	0÷4	"Channel 6" parameter in "Outputs settings:source" submenu for	
107	res	0÷4	output 1; registry description like for "Channel 1" (see register 102h).	
400	V	0÷4	"Channel 7" parameter in "Outputs settings:source" submenu for	
108	Yes	0÷4	output 1; registry description like for "Channel 1" (see register 102h).	
400	V	0÷4	"Channel 8" parameter in "Outputs settings:source" submenu for	
109	Yes 0÷4		output 1; registry description like for "Channel 1" (see register 102h).	
10A	Yes	0÷999	"Close delay" parameter in "Outputs settings" submenu for output 1	
10B	Yes	0÷999	"Open delay" parameter in "Outputs settings" submenu output 1	
400		0.000	"Closed hold time" parameter in "Outputs settings" submenu for	
10C	Yes	0÷999	output 1.	
400		0.000	"Open hold time" parameter in "Outputs settings" submenu for	
100	10D Yes 0÷999		output 1.	
Pogiator	from 1	10b to 11Db	Parameters in "Outputs settings" submenu for output 2; registry	
Register	IIOM I	rom 110h to 11Dh description like for output 1 (see registers 100h to 10Dh).		

if the measurement result exceeds the allowable measurement range defined by "Hi value", "Lo value" and "Upper ext.", "Lower ext." parameters then 01h ÷ 08h registries shall contain limit values for the allowable range. Exceeding the allowable measurement range shall be signaled by setting appropriate bits of the 09h registry. after writing registry 20h the unit replies with the frame starting from the old (unchanged) address

after writing registry 20h the unit replies with the frame starting from the old (unchanged) addres after writing registry 22h the unit replies with the frame sent according to the new baud rate

8.2. TRANSMISSION ERRORS HANDLING

If during reading or writing one of registries an error occurs then the unit shall return the frame containing the error code (according to the Modbus protocol, see: example No. 5, page 50).

Error codes should be interpreted as follows:

01h - illegal function (only functions 03h, 06h and 10h are available),

02h - illegal register address

03h - illegal data value

3

08h - no write permission (see: "Config change" parameter in the "RS485 port settings" menu)

8.3. EXAMPLES OF QUERY/ANSWER FRAMES

The examples concern a unit with address 1. All values are given in the hexadecimal system. Designations:

ADDR Address of the device in the system

FUNC Function number

REG H,L Higher and lower part of registry number, to which the command refers to **COUNT H,L** Higher and lower part of registry counter number, to which the command refers

to, starting with the register, which is defined by REG (max. 32)

status of "**Triggering**" parameter in "**RS485 port settings**" submenu also relates to the writing ofthis parameter: therefore, it is possible to block writing of all registries using the RS485 port, but unblocking can be made only through the device's menu.

BYTE C Number of higher bytes in the frame

DATA H,LHigher and lower part of data word

CRC L,H Higher and lower part of CRC sum

1. Read of ID code

ADDR	FUNC	RE	G H,L	COUNT H,L		L CRC L,H	
01	03	00	21	00	01	D4	00

The answer:

ADDR	FUNC	BYTE C	DATA H,L		CRC L,H	
01	03	02	00	9C	В8	2D

DATA H,L - identification code (009Ch)

2. Change of the device address from 1 to 2 (write to reg. 20h)

ADDR	FUNC	REG H,L		DATA H,L		CRC	L,H
01	06	00	20	00	02	09	C1

DATA H - 0

DATA L - new device address (2)

The answer (the same as the message):

ADDR	FUNC	REC	REG H,L		DATA H,L		CRC L,H	
01	06	00	20	00	02	09	C1	

3. Read of the displayed value (measurement) for channel 1, the device address = 01h:

ADDR	FUNC	RE	G H,L	COUNT H,L		COUNT H,L CRC L,H	
01	03	00	01	00	01	D5	CA

The answer:

ADDR	FUNC	BYTE C	DATA	DATA H,L		CRC L,H		
01	03	02	00	FF	F8	04		

DATA H, L - displayed value = 255, no decimal point. Decimal point position can be read from reg. 43h (position of decimal point for channel 1)

4. Read of the registers 1, 2 and 3 in one message (example of reading a number of registries in one frame):

ADDR	FUNC	RE	G H,L	COUN	NT H,L	CRC	L,H
01	03	00	01	00	03	54	0B

COUNT L - the count of being read registers (max. 32)

The answer:

ADDR	FUNC	BYTE C	DATA	H1,L1	DATA	A H2,L2	DATA	A H3,L3	CR	C L,H
01	03	06	00	0A	00	02	02	80	18	74

DATA H1, L1 - 01h registry (10 – value displayed for channel 1, no decimal point),
DATA H2, L2 - 02h registry (2 – value displayed for channel 2, no decimal point),
DATA H3, L3 - 03h registry (640 – value displayed for channel 3, no decimal point).

5. Setting of name for channel 1 as "Channel 1" (example of writing a number of registries in one frame)

ADDR	FUNC	REC	G H,L	COUN	NT H,L	BYTE C
01	10	00	47	00	05	0A

continue of frame:

DATA	4 H1,L1	DATA	H2,L2	DATA	4 H3,L3	DATA	4 H4,L4	DATA	4 H5,L5	CRC	L,H
43	68	61	6E	6E	65	6C	20	31	20	7F	D0

DATA H1, L1 - 47h registry (43h - character "C", 68h - character "h"),

DATA H2, L2 - 48h registry (61h - character "a", 6Eh - character "n"),

DATA H3, L3 - 49h registry (6Eh - character "n", 65h - character "e"),

DATA H4, L4 - 4Ah registry (6Ch - character "I", 20h - space " "),

DATA H5, L5 - 4Ah registry (31h - character "1", 20h - space " ").

a) The answer (we assume that input current is not out of range):

ADDR	FUNC	RE	G H,L	COUN	IT H,L	CRC	L,H
01	10	00	47	00	05	В0	1F

b) The answer (if an error occurs):

ADDR	FUNC	ERR	CRC	C L,H
01	90	08	4D	C6

ERR - error code (08 - registry writing blocked by "Config change" parameter in "RS485 port settings" menu)

6. Change of baud rate of all devices connected to the net (BROADCAST message).

ADDR	FUNC	RE	G H,L	COUN	IT H,L	CRC	L,H
00	06	00	22	00	04	29	D2

DATA H - 0 DATA L - 4, new baud rate 19200 baud

Device do not reply to BROADCAST-type messages.

There is no full implementation of the Modbus Protocol in the device. The functions presented above are available only.

9. USER'S SETTINGS LIST

Parameter	Description	Value	Description page
Parameters in the	"Graph options" menu		•
Scale	Setting time scale		33
Parameters in the	"Channels list options" menu		•
Display	Method of displaying results		33
Parameters in the	"Device information " menu		
Version	Device firmware version		35
Serial no	Device serial number		35
Parameters in the	"Display options " menu		•
Backlight	Method of display backlight operation		35
Brightness	Brightness of display backlight		35
Contrast	Display contrast		35
Settings for Chani	nel 1 in "Inputs settings" menu		•
Name	Measurement channel name		35
Unit	Unit for measured value		35
Input type	Type of input/sensor		36
Hi value	Value displayed for maximum value of input current		36
Lo value	Value displayed for minimum value of input current		36
Dec. point	Position of the decimal point		36
Filter	Level of filtration of indications		37
Upper ext.	Upper extension of measurement range		37
Lower ext.	Lower extension of measurement range		37
AL1 mode	Alarm 1 generation mode		37
Threshold 1	Threshold of alarm 1		37
Hysteresis 1	Hysteresis of alarm 1		38
AL2 mode	Alarm 2 generation mode		37
Threshold 2	Threshold of alarm 2		37
Hysteresis 2	Hysteresis of alarm 2		38
Settings for Chann	nel 2 in "Inputs settings" menu		
Name	Measurement channel name		35
Unit	Unit for measured value		35

Parameter	Description	Value	Description page
Input type	Type of input/sensor		36
Hi value	Value displayed for maximum value of input current		36
Lo value	Value displayed for minimum value of input current		36
Dec. point	Position of the decimal point		36
Filter	Level of filtration of indications		37
Upper ext.	Upper extension of measurement range		37
Lower ext.	Lower extension of measurement range		37
AL1 mode	Alarm 1 generation mode		37
Threshold 1	Threshold of alarm 1		37
Hysteresis 1	Hysteresis of alarm 1		38
AL2 mode	Alarm 2 generation mode		37
Threshold 2	Threshold of alarm 2		37
Hysteresis 2	Hysteresis of alarm 2		38
Settings for Char	nnel 3 in "Inputs settings" menu		•
Name	Measurement channel name		35
Unit	Unit for measured value		35
Input type	Type of input/sensor		36
Hi value	Value displayed for maximum value of input current		36
Lo value	Value displayed for minimum value of input current		36
Dec. point	Position of the decimal point		36
Filter	Level of filtration of indications		37
Upper ext.	Upper extension of measurement range		37
Lower ext.	Lower extension of measurement range		37
AL1 mode	Alarm 1 generation mode		37
Threshold 1	Threshold of alarm 1		37
Hysteresis 1	Hysteresis of alarm 1		38
AL2 mode	Alarm 2 generation mode		37
Threshold 2	Threshold of alarm 2		37
Hysteresis 2	Hysteresis of alarm 2		38
Settings for Char	nnel 4 in "Inputs settings" menu		•
Name	Measurement channel name		35

Parameter	Description	Value	Description page
Unit	Unit for measured value		35
Input type	Type of input/sensor		36
Hi value	Value displayed for maximum value of input current		36
Lo value	Value displayed for minimum value of input current		36
Dec. point	Position of the decimal point		36
Filter	Level of filtration of indications		37
Upper ext.	Upper extension of measurement range		37
Lower ext.	Lower extension of measurement range		37
AL1 mode	Alarm 1 generation mode		37
Threshold 1	Threshold of alarm 1		37
Hysteresis 1	Hysteresis of alarm 1		38
AL2 mode	Alarm 2 generation mode		37
Threshold 2	Threshold of alarm 2		37
Hysteresis 2	Hysteresis of alarm 2		38
Settings for Char	nnel 5 in "Inputs settings" menu		•
Name	Measurement channel name		35
Unit	Unit for measured value		35
Input type	Type of input/sensor		36
Hi value	Value displayed for maximum value of input current		36
Lo value	Value displayed for minimum value of input current		36
Dec. point	Position of the decimal point		36
Filter	Level of filtration of indications		37
Upper ext.	Upper extension of measurement range		37
Lower ext.	Lower extension of measurement range		37
AL1 mode	Alarm 1 generation mode		37
Threshold 1	Threshold of alarm 1		37
Hysteresis 1	Hysteresis of alarm 1		38
AL2 mode	Alarm 2 generation mode		37
Threshold 2	Threshold of alarm 2		37
Hysteresis 2	Hysteresis of alarm 2		38
Settings for Char	nnel 6 in "Inputs settings" menu		

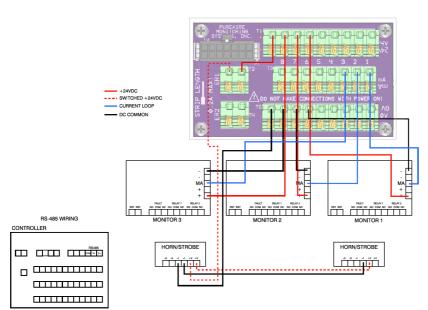
Parameter	Description	Value	Description page
Name	Measurement channel name		35
Unit	Unit for measured value		35
Input type	Type of input/sensor		36
Hi value	Value displayed for maximum value of input current		36
Lo value	Value displayed for minimum value of input current		36
Dec. point	Position of the decimal point		36
Filter	Level of filtration of indications		37
Upper ext.	Upper extension of measurement range		37
Lower ext.	Lower extension of measurement range		37
AL1 mode	Alarm 1 generation mode		37
Threshold 1	Threshold of alarm 1		37
Hysteresis 1	Hysteresis of alarm 1		38
AL2 mode	Alarm 2 generation mode		37
Threshold 2	Threshold of alarm 2		37
Hysteresis 2	Hysteresis of alarm 2		38
Settings for Chan	nnel 7 in "Inputs settings" menu		•
Name	Measurement channel name		35
Unit	Unit for measured value		35
Input type	Type of input/sensor		36
Hi value	Value displayed for maximum value of input current		36
Lo value	Value displayed for minimum value of input current		36
Dec. point	Position of the decimal point		36
Filter	Level of filtration of indications		37
Upper ext.	Upper extension of measurement range		37
Lower ext.	Lower extension of measurement range		37
AL1 mode	Alarm 1 generation mode		37
Threshold 1	Threshold of alarm 1		37
Hysteresis 1	Hysteresis of alarm 1		38
AL2 mode	Alarm 2 generation mode		37
Threshold 2	Threshold of alarm 2		37
Hysteresis 2	Hysteresis of alarm 2		38

Parameter	Description	Value	Description page		
Settings for Channel 8 in "Inputs settings" menu					
Name	Measurement channel name		35		
Unit	Unit for measured value		35		
Input type	Type of input/sensor		36		
Hi value	Value displayed for maximum value of input current		36		
Lo value	Value displayed for minimum value of input current		36		
Dec. point	Position of the decimal point		36		
Filter	Level of filtration of indications		37		
Upper ext.	Upper extension of measurement range		37		
Lower ext.	Lower extension of measurement range		37		
AL1 mode	Alarm 1 generation mode		37		
Threshold 1	Threshold of alarm 1		37		
Hysteresis 1	Hysteresis of alarm 1		38		
AL2 mode	Alarm 2 generation mode		37		
Threshold 2	Threshold of alarm 2		37		
Hysteresis 2	Hysteresis of alarm 2		38		
Output 1 settings in submenu "Outputs settings"					
Mode	Output mode		38		
Logic funct.	Logic function mode		38		
Source: channel 1	Channel 1 alarm state source		38		
Source: channel 2	Channel 2 alarm state source		38		
Source: channel 3	Channel 3 alarm state source		38		
Source: channel 4	Channel 4 alarm state source		38		
Source: channel 5	Channel 5 alarm-state source		38		
Source: channel 6	Channel 6 alarm-state source		38		
Source: channel 7	Channel 7 alarm-state source		38		
Source: channel 8	Channel 8 alarm-state source		38		
Close delay	Close switch delay time		39		
Open delay	Open switch delay time		39		
Closed hold time	Time for holding the closed state		39		
Open hold time	Time for holding the open state		39		
Output 2 settings i	Output 2 settings in submenu "Outputs settings"				
Mode	Output mode		38		

Davamata:	December 1	Value	Description	
Parameter	Description		page	
Logic funct.	Logic function mode		38	
Source: channel 1	Channel 1 alarm state source		38	
Source: channel 2	Channel 2 alarm state source		38	
Source: channel 3	Channel 3 alarm state source		38	
Source: channel 4	Channel 4 alarm state source		38	
Source: channel 5	Channel 5 alarm state source		38	
Source: channel 6	Channel 6 alarm state source		38	
Source: channel 7	Channel 7 alarm state source		38	
Source: channel 8	Channel 8 alarm state source		38	
Close delay	Close switch delay time		39	
Open delay	Open switch delay time		39	
Closed hold time	Time for holding the closed state		39	
Open hold time	Time for holding the open state		39	
Parameters in the "RS485 port settings" menu				
Address	Device address		40	
Baud rate	Baud rate		40	
Resp. delay	Delay of device response		40	
Conf. change	Permission for modifying unit's parameters through RS485 interface		41	
Language	User interface language		41	

10 Reset Factory Defaults

CONTROLLER WIRING



Rev C, 04/19/23



Re-activate all channels, unused channels will show LO



Press and hold the **ESC/MENU** button until the above menu appears



The menu will look like this for all Channels: Input 1 Settings = channel 1, Input 2=channel 2, and so on for the remaining Channels.



The display should look like this for all inputs 1-8



cont. – the display should look like this for all inputs 1-8



Next: Select **Outputs Settings**



Output Settings for relay 1 output 1 = relay 1



Scroll down and select **Source**. This is where to go to de-active any unused channels.



Example of only channel 1 or terminal #35 is being used



If necessary, do same for output 2 or relay 2



Example of only channel 1 or terminal #35 being used

Lastly when the controller first comes on the strobe <u>will sound</u> during the four minute warm and stop once the threshold is reached.....



PureAire Monitoring Systems, Inc.

1140 Ensell Road Lake Zurich, Illinois 60047

Phone: 847-726-6000 Fax: 847-726-6051 Toll-Free: 888-788-8050

pureairemonitoring.com